

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

(Established by an Act No.30 of 2008 of A.P. State Legislature) Kukatpally, Hyderabad – 500 085, Andhra Pradesh (India)

M. TECH. COMPUTER SCIENCE (R13) COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

I Year I Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	T/P/D	С
		Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	3	0	3
		Computer System Design	3	0	3
		Advanced Operating Systems	3	0	3
		Software Process and Project Management	3	0	3
	Elective -I	Distributed Systems	3	0	3
		Natural Language Processing			
		Pattern Recognition			
	Elective -II	Machine Learning	3	0	3
		Parallel and Distributed Algorithms			
		Software Architecture and Design Patterns			
	Lab	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	0	3	2
		Lab			
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total	18	3	22

I Year II Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	T/P/D	С
		Advanced Network Programming	3	0	3
		Advanced Databases	3	0	3
		Web Services and Service Oriented	3	0	3
		Architecture			
		Wireless Networks and Mobile Computing	3	0	3
	Elective -III	Advanced Data Mining	3	0	3
		Storage Area Networks			
		Database Security			
	Elective -IV	Semantic Web and Social Networks	3	0	3
		Cloud Computing			
		Information Retrieval Systems			
	Lab	Web Services Lab	0	3	2
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total	18	3	22

II Year I Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	T/P/D	С
		Comprehensive Viva	-	-	2
		Project Seminar	0	3	2
		Project Work	-	-	18
		Total	-	3	22

II Year II Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	T/P/D	С
		Project Work and Seminar	-	-	22
		Total	-	-	22

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. Tech – I Year – I Sem. (Computer Science)

ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS

Objectives:

- The fundamental design, analysis, and implementation of basic data structures. •
- Basic concepts in the specification and analysis of programs. •
- Principles for good program design, especially the uses of data abstraction. •
- Significance of algorithms in the computer field
- Various aspects of algorithm development •
- Qualities of a good solution

UNIT I

Algorithms, Performance analysis- time complexity and space complexity, Asymptotic Notation-Big Oh, Omega and Theta notations, Complexity Analysis Examples.

Data structures-Linear and non linear data structures, ADT concept, Linear List ADT, Array representation, Linked representation, Vector representation, singly linked lists -insertion, deletion, search operations, doubly linked lists-insertion, deletion operations, circular lists. Representation of single, two dimensional arrays, Sparse matrices and their representation.

UNIT II

Stack and Queue ADTs, array and linked list representations, infix to postfix conversion using stack, implementation of recursion, Circular queue-insertion and deletion, Dequeue ADT, array and linked list representations, Priority queue ADT, implementation using Heaps, Insertion into a Max Heap, Deletion from a Max Heap, java.util package-ArrayList, Linked List, Vector classes, Stacks and Queues in java.util, Iterators in java.util.

UNIT III

Searching-Linear and binary search methods, Hashing-Hash functions, Collision Resolution methods-Open Addressing, Chaining, Hashing in java.util-HashMap, HashSet, Hashtable.

Sorting -Bubble sort, Insertion sort, Quick sort, Merge sort, Heap sort, Radix sort, comparison of sorting methods.

UNIT IV

Trees- Ordinary and Binary trees terminology, Properties of Binary trees, Binary tree ADT, representations, recursive and non recursive traversals, Java code for traversals, Threaded binary trees.

Graphs- Graphs terminology, Graph ADT, representations, graph traversals/search methods-dfs and bfs, Java code for graph traversals, Applications of Graphs-Minimum cost spanning tree using Kruskal's algorithm, Dijkstra's algorithm for Single Source Shortest Path Problem.

UNIT V

Search trees- Binary search tree-Binary search tree ADT, insertion, deletion and searching operations, Balanced search trees, AVL trees-Definition and examples only, Red Black trees -Definition and examples only. B-Trees-definition, insertion and searching operations. Trees in java.util- TreeSet, Tree Map Classes, Tries(examples only), Comparison of Search trees. Text compression-Huffman coding and decoding, Pattern matching-KMP algorithm.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Data structures, Algorithms and Applications in Java, S.Sahni, Universities Press. 1.
- Data structures and Algorithms in Java, Adam Drozdek, 3rd edition, Cengage Learning. 2.

3. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in Java, M.A.Weiss, 2nd edition, Addison-Wesley (Pearson Education).

- Java for Programmers, Deitel and Deitel, Pearson education. 1.
- Data structures and Algorithms in Java, R.Lafore, Pearson education.
 Java: The Complete Reference, 8th editon, Herbert Schildt, TMH.
- 4. Data structures and Algorithms in Java, M.T.Goodrich, R.Tomassia, 3rd edition, Wiley India Edition.
- 5. Data structures and the Java Collection Frame work, W.J.Collins, Mc Graw Hill.

- Classic Data structures in Java, T.Budd, Addison-Wesley (Pearson Education).
 Data structures with Java, Ford and Topp, Pearson Education.
 Data structures using Java, D.S.Malik and P.S.Nair, Cengage learning.
 Data structures with Java, J.R.Hubbard and A.Huray, PHI Pvt. Ltd.

- 10. Data structures and Software Development in an Object-Oriented Domain, J.P.Tremblay and G.A.Cheston, Java edition, Pearson Education.

COMPUTER SYSTEM DESIGN

Objectives:

- To apply the fundamentals of Computer Systems Design and IT in devising IT solutions.
- To Design, simulate, and analyze digital hardware.
- To Interface between basic hardware and software computing systems.
- To Simulate and evaluate different computing architectures.

UNIT I

Computer structure – hardware, software, system software, Von-Neumann architecture – case study. IA -32 Pentium: registers and addressing, instructions, assembly language, program flow control, logic and shift/rotate instructions, multiply, divide MMX, SIMD instructions, I/O operations, subroutines.

Input/output organization, interrupts, DMA, Buses, Interface circuits, I/O interfaces, device drivers in windows, interrupt handlers

UNIT II

Processing Unit: Execution of a complete instruction, multiple bus organization, hardwired control, micro programmed control.

Pipelining: data hazards, instruction hazards, influence on instruction sets, data path & control consideration, and RISC architecture introduction.

UNIT – III

Memory: types and hierarchy, model level organization, cache memory, performance considerations, mapping, virtual memory, swapping, paging, segmentation, replacement policies.

UNIT – IV

Processes and Threads: processes, threads, inter process communication, classical IPC problems, Deadlocks.

UNIT – V

File system: Files, directories, Implementation, Unix file system **Security**: Threats, intruders, accident data loss, basics of cryptography, user authentication.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Computer Organization – Car Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, SafeaZaky, Vth Edition, McGraw Hill.

2. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum 2nd edition Pearson/PHI **REFERENCE BOOKS**:

- 1. Computer Organization and Architecture William Stallings Sixth Edition, Pearson /PHI
- 2. Morris Mano- Computer System Architecture -3^{rd} Edition-Pearson Education.
- 3. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th Edition, John Wiley
- 4. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI

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M. Tech – I Year – I Sem. (Computer Science)

ADVANCED OPERATING SYSTEMS

Objectives:

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- To understand main components of Real time Operating system and their working
- To study the operations performed by OS as a resource manager •
- To understand the scheduling policies of DOS ٠
- To implement the working principles of OS •
- To study different OS and compare their features •

UNIT I:

Real-time operating systems: Design issues, principles and case study.

UNIT II:

Distributed operating system: Design issues, features and principles of working, case study.

UNIT III:

Network operating system: Design issues, working principles and characteristic features, case study.

UNIT IV:

Kernel development: Issues and development principles, case study.

UNIT V:

Protection, privacy, access control and security issues, solutions.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. A. Silberschatz Applied Operating System Concepts, Wiley, 2000.
- 2. Lubemir F Bic and Alan C. Shaw Operating System Principles, Pearson Education, 2003.

- 1. Operating Systems : Internal and Design Principles Stallings, 6th ed., PE.
- Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum 3rd ed., PE.
 Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne, 7th ed., John Wilev
- 4. UNIX User Guide Ritchie & Yates.
- 5. UNIX Network Programming W.Richard Stevens ,1998, PHI.
- 6. The UNIX Programming Environment Kernighan & Pike, PE.

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M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Computer Science)

SOFTWARE PROCESS AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Objectives:

- Describe and determine the purpose and importance of project management from the perspectives of planning, tracking and completion of project.
- Compare and differentiate organization structures and project structures.
- Implement a project to manage project schedule, expenses and resources with the application of suitable project management tools.

UNIT I

Software Process Maturity :Software maturity Framework, Principles of Software Process Change, Software Process Assessment, The Initial Process, The Repeatable Process, The Defined Process, The Managed Process, The Optimizing Process.

Process Reference Models : Capability Maturity Model (CMM), CMMI, PCMM, PSP, TSP.

UNIT II

Software Project Management Renaissance : Conventional Software Management, Evolution of Software Economics, Improving Software Economics, The old way and the new way.

Life-Cycle Phases and Process artifacts : Engineering and Production stages, inception phase, elaboration phase, construction phase, transition phase, artifact sets, management artifacts, engineering artifacts and pragmatic artifacts, model based software architectures.

UNIT III

Workflows and Checkpoints of process : Software process workflows, Iteration workflows, Major milestones, Minor milestones, Periodic status assessments.

Process Planning: Work breakdown structures, Planning guidelines, cost and schedule estimating process, iteration planning process, Pragmatic planning.

UNIT IV

Project Organizations: Line-of- business organizations, project organizations, evolution of organizations, process automation.

Project Control and process instrumentation : The seven core metrics, management indicators, quality indicators, life-cycle expectations, Pragmatic software metrics, and metrics automation.

UNIT V

CCPDS-R Case Study and Future Software Project Management Practices : Modern Project Profiles, Next-Generation software Economics, Modern Process Transitions.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Managing the Software Process, Watts S. Humphrey, Pearson Education, 1999
- 2. Software Project Management, Walker Royce, Pearson Education, 1998

- 1. Effective Project Management: Traditional, Agile, Extreme, Robert Wysocki, Sixth edition, Wiley India, rp2011.
- 2. An Introduction to the Team Software Process, Watts S. Humphrey, Pearson Education, 2000
- 3. Process Improvement essentials, James R. Persse, O'Reilly, 2006
- 3. Software Project Management, Bob Hughes & Mike Cotterell, fourth edition, TMH, 2006
- 4. Applied Software Project Management, Andrew Stellman & Jennifer Greene, O'Reilly, 2006.
- 5. Head First PMP, Jennifer Greene & Andrew Stellman, O'Reilly, 2007
- 6. Software Engineering Project Managent, Richard H. Thayer & Edward Yourdon, 2nd edition, Wiley India, 2004.
- 7. The Art of Project Management, Scott Berkun, SPD, O'Reilly, 2011.
- Applied Software Project Management, Andrew Stellman & Jennifer Greene, SPD, O'Reilly, rp2011.
- 9. Agile Project Management, Jim Highsmith, Pearson education, 2004.

DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS (ELECTIVE-I)

Objectives:

- To explain what a distributed system is, why you would design a system as a distributed system, and what the desired properties of such systems are;
- To list the principles underlying the functioning of distributed systems, describe the problems and challenges associated with these principles, and evaluate the effectiveness and shortcomings of their solutions;
- To recognize how the principles are applied in contemporary distributed systems, explain how they affect the software design, and be able to identify features and design decisions that may cause problems;
- To design a distributed system that fulfills requirements with regards to key distributed systems properties (such as scalability, transparency, etc.), be able to recognize when this is not possible, and explain why;
- To build distributed system software using basic OS mechanisms as well as higher-level middleware and languages.

UNIT I

Characterization of Distributed Systems- Introduction, Examples of Distributed systems, Resource sharing and web, challenges, System models- Introduction, Architectural and Fundamental models, Networking and Internetworking, Interprocess Communication.

Distributed objects and Remote Invocation-Introduction, Communication between distributed objects, RPC, Events and notifications, Case study-Java RMI.

UNIT II

Operating System Support- Introduction, OS layer, Protection, Processes and Threads, Communication and Invocation, Operating system architecture, Distributed File Systems-Introduction, File Service architecture, case study- SUN network file systems.

Name Services-Introduction, Name Services and the Domain Name System, Case study of the Global Name Service, Case study of the X.500 Directory Service.

UNIT III

Peer to Peer Systems-Introduction, Napster and its legacy, Peer to Peer middleware, Routing overlays, Overlay case studies-Pastry, Tapestry, Application case studies-Squirrel, OceanStore.

Time and Global States-Introduction, Clocks, events and Process states, Synchronizing physical clocks, logical time and logical clocks, global states, distributed debugging.

Coordination and Agreement - Introduction, Distributed mutual exclusion, Elections, Multicast communication, consensus and related problems.

UNIT IV

Transactions and Concurrency control - Introduction, Transactions, Nested Transactions, Locks, Optimistic concurrency control, Timestamp ordering, Comparison of methods for concurrency controls. Distributed Transactions - Introduction, Flat and Nested Distributed Transactions, Atomic commit protocols, Concurrency control in distributed transactions, Distributed deadlocks, Transaction recovery, Replication-Introduction, System model and group communication, Fault tolerant services, Transactions with replicated data.

UNIT V

Security - Introduction, Overview of Security techniques, Cryptographic algorithms, Digital signatures, Case studies-Kerberos, TLS, 802.11 WiFi.

Distributed shared memory, Design and Implementation issues, Sequential consistency and Ivy case study, Release consistency and Munin case study, other consistency models, CORBA case study-Introduction, CORBA RMI, CORBA Services.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Distributed Systems Concepts and Design, G Coulouris, J Dollimore and T Kindberg, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. Distributed Systems, S.Ghosh, Chapman & Hall/CRC, Taylor & Francis Group, 2010.

- 1. Distributed Computing, S.Mahajan and S.Shah, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Distributed Operating Systems Concepts and Design, Pradeep K.Sinha, PHI.
- 3. Advanced Concepts in Operating Systems, M Singhal, N G Shivarathri, Tata McGraw-Hill Edition.
- 4. Reliable Distributed Systems, K.P.Birman, Springer.
- 5. Distributed Systems Principles and Paradigms, A.S. Tanenbaum and M.V. Steen, Pearson Education.
- 6. Distributed Operating Systems and Algorithm Analysis, R.Chow, T.Johnson, Pearson.
- 7. Distributed Operating Systems, A.S.Tanenbaum, Pearson education.
- 8. Distributed Computing, Principles, Algorithms and Systems, Ajay D. Kshemakalyani & Mukesh Singhal, Cambrigde, rp 2010

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING (ELECTIVE-I)

Objectives:

- To acquire basic understanding of linguistic concepts and natural language complexity, variability.
- To acquire basic understanding of machine learning techniques as applied to language.
- To implement N-grams Models.

UNIT I

Introduction and Overview What is Natural Language Processing, hands-on demonstrations. Ambiguity and uncertainty in language. The Turing test. **Regular Expressions** Chomsky hierarchy, regular languages, and their limitations. Finite-state automata. Practical regular expressions for finding and counting language phenomena. A little morphology. Exploring a large corpus with regex tools. Programming in Python An introduction to programming in Python. Variables, numbers, strings, arrays, dictionaries, conditionals, iteration. The NLTK (Natural Language Toolkit) **String Edit Distance and Alignment** Key algorithmic tool: dynamic programming, a simple example, use in optimal alignment of sequences. String edit operations, edit distance, and examples of use in spelling correction, and machine translation.

UNIT II

Context Free Grammars Constituency, CFG definition, use and limitations. Chomsky Normal Form. Top-down parsing, bottom-up parsing, and the problems with each. The desirability of combining evidence from both directions **Non-probabilistic Parsing** Efficient CFG parsing with CYK, another dynamic programming algorithms. Early parser. Designing a little grammar, and parsing with it on some test data. **Probability** Introduction to probability theory Joint and conditional probability, marginals, independence, Bayes rule, combining evidence. Examples of applications in natural language. **Information Theory** The "Shannon game"--motivated by language! Entropy, cross-entropy, information gain. Its application to some language phenomena.

UNIT III

Language modeling and Naive Bayes

Probabilistic language modeling and its applications. Markov models. N-grams. Estimating the probability of a word, and smoothing. Generative models of language. Part of Speech Tagging and Hidden Markov Models, Viterbi Algorithm for Finding Most Likely HMM Path Dynamic programming with Hidden Markov Models, and its use for part-of-speech tagging, Chinese word segmentation, prosody, information extraction, etc.

UNIT IV

Probabilistic Context Free Grammars

Weighted context free grammars. Weighted CYK. Pruning and beam search.

Parsing with PCFGs

A tree bank and what it takes to create one. The probabilistic version of CYK. Also: How do humans parse? Experiments with eye-tracking. Modern parsers.

Maximum Entropy Classifiers

The maximum entropy principle and its relation to maximum likelihood. Maximum entropy classifiers and their application to document classification, sentence segmentation, and other language tasks

UNIT V

Maximum Entropy Markov Models & Conditional Random Fields

Part-of-speech tagging, noun-phrase segmentation and information extraction models that combine maximum entropy and finite-state machines. State-of-the-art models for NLP.

Lexical Semantics Mathematics of Multinomial and Dirichlet distributions, Dirichlet as a smoothing for multinomial's.

Information Extraction & Reference Resolution- Various methods, including HMMs. Models of anaphora resolution. Machine learning methods for co reference.

TEXT BOOKS:

- "<u>Speech and Language Processing</u>": Jurafsky and Martin, Prentice Hall
 "<u>Statistical Natural Language Processing</u>"- Manning and Schutze, MIT Press
 "Natural Language Understanding". James Allen. The Benajmins/Cummings Publishing Company

- 1. Cover, T. M. and J. A. Thomas: Elements of Information Theory. Wiley.
- 2. Charniak, E.: Statistical Language Learning. The MIT Press.
- 3. Jelinek, F.: Statistical Methods for Speech Recognition. The MIT Press.
- 4. Lutz and Ascher "Learning Python", O'Reilly

PATTERN RECOGNITION (ELECTIVE – I)

Objectives:

- To implement pattern recognition and machine learning theories
- To design and implement certain important pattern recognition techniques
- To apply the pattern recognition theories to applications of interest
- To implement the entropy minimization, clustering transformation and feature ordering

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION - Basic concepts, Applications, Fundamental problems in pattern Recognition system design, Design concepts and methodologies, Examples of Automatic Pattern recognition systems, Simple pattern recognition model

DECISION AND DISTANCE FUNCTIONS - Linear and generalized decision functions, Pattern space and weight space, Geometrical properties, implementations of decision functions, Minimum-distance pattern classifications.

UNIT II

PROBABILITY - Probability of events: Random variables, Joint distributions and densities, Movements of random variables, Estimation of parameter from samples. **STATISTICAL DECISION MAKING** - Introduction, Baye's theorem, Multiple features, Conditionally independent features, Decision boundaries, Unequal cost of error, estimation of error rates, the leaving-one-out-techniques, characteristic curves, estimating the composition of populations. Baye's classifier for normal patterns.

UNIT III

NON PARAMETRIC DECISION MAKING - Introduction, histogram, kernel and window estimation, nearest neighbour classification techniques. Adaptive decision boundaries, adaptive discriminate functions, Minimum squared error discriminate functions, choosing a decision making techniques. **CLUSTERING AND PARTITIONING** - Hierarchical Clustering: Introduction, agglomerative clustering algorithm, the single-linkage, complete-linkage and average-linkage algorithm. Ward's method Partition clustering-Forg's algorithm, K-means's algorithm, Isodata algorithm.

UNIT IV

PATTERN PREPROCESSING AND FEATURE SELECTION:

Introduction, distance measures, clustering transformation and feature ordering, clustering in feature selection through entropy minimization, features selection through orthogonal expansion, binary feature selection.

UNIT V

SYNTACTIC PATTERN RECOGNITION & APPLICATION OF PATTERN RECOGNITION

Introduction, concepts from formal language theory, formulation of syntactic pattern recognition problem, syntactic pattern description, recognition grammars, automata as pattern recognizers, Application of pattern recognition techniques in bio-metric, facial recognition, IRIS scon, Finger prints, etc.,

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Gose. Johnsonbaugh. Jost. "Pattern recognition and Image Analysis", PHI.
- 2. Tou. Rafael. Gonzalez. "Pattern Recognition Principle", Pearson Education

- 1. Richard duda, Hart, David Strok, "Pattern Classification", John Wiley.
- 2. Digital Image Processing, M.Anji Reddy, Y.Hari Shankar, BS Publications.

MACHINE LEARNING (ELECTIVE –II)

Objectives:

- To be able to formulate machine learning problems corresponding to different applications.
- To understand a range of machine learning algorithms along with their strengths and weaknesses.
- To understand the basic theory underlying machine learning.
- To be able to apply machine learning algorithms to solve problems of moderate complexity.
- To be able to read current research papers and understands the issues raised by current research.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION - Well-posed learning problems, Designing a learning system, Perspectives and issues in machine learning

Concept learning and the general to specific ordering – Introduction, A concept learning task, Concept learning as search, Find-S: finding a maximally specific hypothesis, Version spaces and the candidate elimination algorithm, Remarks on version spaces and candidate elimination, Inductive bias

UNIT II

Decision Tree learning – Introduction, Decision tree representation, Appropriate problems for decision tree learning, The basic decision tree learning algorithm, Hypothesis space search in decision tree learning, Inductive bias in decision tree learning, Issues in decision tree learning **Artificial Neural Networks** – Introduction, Neural network representation, Appropriate problems for neural network learning, Perceptions, Multilayer networks and the back propagation algorithm, Remarks on the back propagation algorithm. An illustrative example face recognition

Advanced topics in artificial neural networks

Evaluation Hypotheses – Motivation, Estimation hypothesis accuracy, Basics of sampling theory, A general approach for deriving confidence intervals, Difference in error of two hypotheses, Comparing learning algorithms

UNIT III

Bayesian learning – Introduction, Bayes theorem, Bayes theorem and concept learning, Maximum likelihood and least squared error hypotheses, Maximum likelihood hypotheses for predicting probabilities, Minimum description length principle, Bayes optimal classifier, Gibs algorithm, Naïve Bayes classifier, An example learning to classify text, Bayesian belief networks The EM algorithm

Computational learning theory – Introduction, Probability learning an approximately correct hypothesis, Sample complexity for Finite Hypothesis Space, Sample Complexity for infinite Hypothesis Spaces, The mistake bound model of learning - **Instance-Based Learning**- Introduction, k -Nearest Neighbour Learning, Locally Weighted Regression, Radial Basis Functions, Case-Based Reasoning, Remarks on Lazy and Eager Learning

Genetic Algorithms – Motivation, Genetic Algorithms, An illustrative Example, Hypothesis Space Search, Genetic Programming, Models of Evolution and Learning, Parallelizing Genetic Algorithms

UNIT IV

Learning Sets of Rules – Introduction, Sequential Covering Algorithms, Learning Rule Sets: Summary, Learning First Order Rules, Learning Sets of First Order Rules: FOIL, Induction as Inverted Deduction, Inverting Resolution

Analytical Learning - Introduction, Learning with Perfect Domain Theories: Prolog-EBG Remarks on Explanation-Based Learning, Explanation-Based Learning of Search Control Knowledge

UNIT V

Combining Inductive and Analytical Learning – Motivation, Inductive-Analytical Approaches to Learning, Using Prior Knowledge to Initialize the Hypothesis, Using Prior Knowledge to Alter the Search Objective, Using Prior Knowledge to Augment Search Operators,

Reinforcement Learning – Introduction, The Learning Task, Q Learning, Non-Deterministic, Rewards and Actions, Temporal Difference Learning, Generalizing from Examples, Relationship to Dynamic Programming

TEXT BOOKS:

Machine Learning – Tom M. Mitchell, - MGH

2. Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, Stephen Marsland, Taylor & Francis (CRC)

- 1. Machine Learning Methods in the Environmental Sciences, Neural Networks, William W Hsieh, Cambridge Univ Press.
- 2. Richard o. Duda, Peter E. Hart and David G. Stork, pattern classification, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2001
- 3. Chris Bishop, Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition, Oxford University Press, 1995

PARALLEL AND DISTRIBUTED ALGORITHMS (ELECTIVE –II)

Objectives:

- To learn parallel and distributed algorithms development techniques for shared memory and message passing models.
- To study the main classes of parallel algorithms.
- To study the complexity and correctness models for parallel algorithms.

UNIT-I

Basic Techniques, Parallel Computers for increase Computation speed, Parallel & Cluster Computing

UNIT-II

Message Passing Technique- Evaluating Parallel programs and debugging, Portioning and Divide and Conquer strategies examples

UNIT-III

Pipelining- Techniques computing platform, pipeline programs examples

UNIT-IV

Synchronous Computations, load balancing, distributed termination examples, programming with shared memory, shared memory multiprocessor constructs for specifying parallelist sharing data parallel programming languages and constructs, open MP

UNIT-V

Distributed shared memory systems and programming achieving constant memory distributed shared memory programming primitives, algorithms – sorting and numerical algorithms.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Parallel Programming, Barry Wilkinson, Michael Allen, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Introduction to Parallel algorithms by Jaja from Pearson, 1992.

SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN PATTERNS (ELECTIVE –II)

Objectives:

After completing this course, the student should be able to:

- To understand the concept of patterns and the Catalog.
- To discuss the Presentation tier design patterns and their affect on: sessions, client access, validation and consistency.
- To understand the variety of implemented bad practices related to the Business and Integration tiers.
- To highlight the evolution of patterns.
- To how to add functionality to designs while minimizing complexity
- To understand what design patterns really are, and are not
- To learn about specific design patterns.
- To learn how to use design patterns to keep code quality high without overdesign.

UNIT I

Envisioning Architecture

The Architecture Business Cycle, What is Software Architecture, Architectural patterns, reference models, reference architectures, architectural structures and views.

Creating an Architecture

Quality Attributes, Achieving qualities, Architectural styles and patterns, designing the Architecture, Documenting software architectures, Reconstructing Software Architecture.

UNIT II

Analyzing Architectures

Architecture Evaluation, Architecture design decision making, ATAM, CBAM.

Moving from one system to many

Software Product Lines, Building systems from off the shelf components, Software architecture in future.

UNIT III

Patterns

Pattern Description, Organizing catalogs, role in solving design problems, Selection and usage. **Creational and Structural patterns**

Abstract factory, builder, factory method, prototype, singleton, adapter, bridge, composite, façade, flyweight.

UNIT IV

Behavioral patterns

Chain of responsibility, command, Interpreter, iterator, mediator, memento, observer, state, strategy, template method, visitor.

UNIT V

Case Studies

A-7E – A case study in utilizing architectural structures, The World Wide Web - a case study in interoperability, Air Traffic Control – a case study in designing for high availability, Celsius Tech – a case study in product line development,

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Software Architecture in Practice, second edition, Len Bass, Paul Clements & Rick Kazman, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 2. Design Patterns, Erich Gamma, Pearson Education, 1995.

- 1. Beyond Software architecture, Luke Hohmann, Addison wesley, 2003.
- 2. Software architecture, David M. Dikel, David Kane and James R. Wilson, Prentice Hall PTR, 2001

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3. Software Design, David Budgen, second edition, Pearson education, 2003

- 4. Head First Design patterns, Eric Freeman & Elisabeth Freeman, O'REILLY, 2007.
- 5. Design Patterns in Java, Steven John Metsker & William C. Wake, Pearson education, 2006
- 6. J2EE Patterns, Deepak Alur, John Crupi & Dan Malks, Pearson education, 2003.
- 7. Design Patterns in C#, Steven John metsker, Pearson education, 2004.
- 8. Pattern Oriented Software Architecture, F.Buschmann & others, John Wiley & Sons.

ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS LAB

Objectives:

- The fundamental design, analysis, and implementation of basic data structures. •
- Basic concepts in the specification and analysis of programs.
- Principles for good program design, especially the uses of data abstraction.

Sample Problems on Data structures:

- 1. Write Java programs that use both recursive and non-recursive functions for implementing the following searching methods:
 - a) Linear search b) Binary search
- 2. Write Java programs to implement the following using arrays and linked lists a) List ADT
- 3. Write Java programs to implement the following using an array.
 - a) Stack ADT b) Queue ADT
- 4. Write a Java program that reads an infix expression and converts the expression to postfix form. (Use stack ADT).
- 5. Write a Java program to implement circular queue ADT using an array.
- 6. Write a Java program that uses both a stack and a queue to test whether the given string is a palindrome or not.
- 7. Write Java programs to implement the following using a singly linked list. a) Stack ADT b) Queue ADT
- 8. Write Java programs to implement the deque (double ended queue) ADT using
 - a) Array b) Singly linked list c) Doubly linked list.
- 9. Write a Java program to implement priority queue ADT.
- 10. Write a Java program to perform the following operations:
 - a) Construct a binary search tree of elements.
 - b) Search for a key element in the above binary search tree.
 - c) Delete an element from the above binary search tree.
- 11. Write a Java program to implement all the functions of a dictionary (ADT) using Hashing.
- 12. Write a Java program to implement Dijkstra's algorithm for Single source shortest path problem.
- 13. Write Java programs that use recursive and non-recursive functions to traverse the given binary tree in
 - a) Preorder b) Inorder c) Postorder.
- 14. Write Java programs for the implementation of bfs and dfs for a given graph.
- 15. Write Java programs for implementing the following sorting methods:
 - d) Merge sort g) Binary tree sort a) Bubble sort
 - b) Insertion sort e) Heap sort
 - c) Quick sort f) Radix sort
- 16. Write a Java program to perform the following operations:
 - a) Insertion into a B-tree b) Searching in a B-tree
- 17. Write a Java program that implements Kruskal's algorithm to generate minimum cost spanning tree.
- 18. Write a Java program that implements KMP algorithm for pattern matching.

- Data Structures and Algorithms in java, 3rd edition, A.Drozdek, Cengage Learning.
 Data Structures with Java, J.R.Hubbard, 2rd edition, Schaum's Outlines, TMH.
- Data Structures and algorithms in Java, 2nd Edition, R.Lafore, Pearson Education.
- 4. Data Structures using Java, D.S.Malik and P.S. Nair, Cengage Learning.
- 5. Data structures, Algorithms and Applications in java, 2nd Edition, S.Sahani, Universities Press.
- 6. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, P.H.Dave and H.B.Dave, Pearson education.
- 7. Data Structures and java collections frame work, W.J.Collins, Mc Graw Hill.

- Java: the complete reference, 7th editon, Herbert Schildt, TMH.
 Java for Programmers, P.J.Deitel and H.M.Deitel, Pearson education / Java: How to Program P.J.Deitel and H.M.Deitel, 8th edition, PHI.
 Java Programming, D.S.Malik,Cengage Learning.
 A Practical Guide to Data Structures and Algorithms using Java, S.Goldman & K.Goldman, Chapman & Hall/CRC, Taylor & Francis Group.
 - (Note: Use packages like java.io, java.util, etc)

ADVANCED NETWORK PROGRAMMING

Objectives:

Computer network programming involves writing computer programs that enable processes to communicate with each other across a computer network

Network programming is client-server programming

Interprocess communication, even if it is bidirectional, cannot be implemented in a perfectly symmetric way: to establish a communication channel between two processes, one process must take the initiative, while the other is waiting for it. Therefore, network programming unavoidably assumes a client–server model: The process initiating the communication is a client, and the process waiting for the communication to be initiated is a server. The client and server processes together form a distributed system. In a peer-to-peer communication, the program can act both as a client and a server.

UNIT – I

Linux Utilities- File handling utilities, Security by file permissions, Process utilities, Disk utilities, Networking utilities, Filters, Text processing utilities and Backup utilities.

Bourne again shell(bash) - Introduction, pipes and redirection, here documents, running a shell script, the shell as a programming language, shell meta characters, file name substitution, shell variables, command substitution, shell commands, the environment, quoting, test command, control structures, arithmetic in shell, shell script examples.

Review of C programming concepts-arrays, strings (library functions), pointers, function pointers, structures, unions, libraries in C.

UNIT - II

Files- File Concept, File types File System Structure, Inodes, File Attributes, file I/O in C using system calls, kernel support for files, file status information-stat family, file and record locking-lockf and fcntl functions, file permissions- chmod, fchmod, file ownership-chown, Ichown, Ichown, links-soft links and hard links – symlink, link, unlink.

File and Directory management - Directory contents, Scanning Directories- Directory file APIs.

Process- Process concept, Kernel support for process, process attributes, process control – process creation, replacing a process image, waiting for a process, process termination, zombie process, orphan process.

UNIT - III

Signals- Introduction to signals, Signal generation and handling, Kernel support for signals, Signal function, unreliable signals, reliable signals, kill, raise , alarm, pause, abort, sleep functions.

Interprocess Communication - Introduction to IPC mechanisms, Pipes- creation, IPC between related processes using unnamed pipes, FIFOs-creation, IPC between unrelated processes using FIFOs(Named pipes), differences between unnamed and named pipes, popen and pclose library functions, Introduction to message queues, semaphores and shared memory.

Message Queues- Kernel support for messages, UNIX system V APIs for messages, client/server example.

Semaphores-Kernel support for semaphores, UNIX system V APIs for semaphores.

UNIT – IV

Shared Memory- Kernel support for shared memory, UNIX system V APIs for shared memory, client/server example.

Network IPC - Introduction to Unix Sockets, IPC over a network, Client-Server model ,Address formats(Unix domain and Internet domain), Socket system calls for Connection Oriented - Communication, Socket system calls for Connectionless-Communication, Example-Client/Server Programs- Single Server-Client connection, Multiple simultaneous clients, Socket options – setsockopt, getsockopt, fcntl.

UNIT-V

Network Programming in Java-Network basics, TCP sockets, UDP sockets (datagram sockets), Server programs that can handle one connection at a time and multiple connections (using

multithreaded server), Remote Method Invocation (Java RMI)-Basic RMI Process, Implementation details-Client-Server Application.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Unix System Programming using C++, T.Chan, PHI.(Units II,III,IV)
- 2. Unix Concepts and Applications, 4th Edition, Sumitabha Das, TMH.(Unit I)
- 3. An Introduction to Network Programming with Java, Jan Graba, Springer, rp 2010.(Unit V)
- 4. Unix Network Programming ,W.R. Stevens, PHI. (Units II, III, IV)
- 5. Java Network Programming, 3rd edition, E.R. Harold, SPD, O'Reilly. (Unit V)

- 1. Linux System Programming, Robert Love, O'Reilly, SPD.
- 2. Advanced Programming in the UNIX environment, 2nd Edition, W.R.Stevens, Pearson Education.
- UNIX for programmers and users, 3rd Edition, Graham Glass, King Ables, Pearson Education.
- 4. Beginning Linux Programming, 4th Edition, N.Matthew, R.Stones, Wrox, Wiley India Edition.
- 5. Unix Network Programming The Sockets Networking API, Vol.-I,W.R.Stevens, Bill Fenner, A.M.Rudoff, Pearson Education.
- 6. Unix Internals, U.Vahalia, Pearson Education.
- 7. Unix shell Programming, S.G.Kochan and P.Wood, 3rd edition, Pearson Education.
- 8. C Programming Language, Kernighan and Ritchie, PHI

ADVANCED DATABASES

Objectives:

By the end of the course, you will know:

- History and Structure of databases
- How to design a database
- How to convert the design into the appropriate tables
- Handling Keys appropriately
- Enforcing Integrity Constraints to keep the database consistent
- · Normalizing the tables to eliminate redundancies
- Querying relational data
- Optimizing and processing the queries
- Storage Strategies for easy retrieval of data through index
- Triggers, Procedures and Cursors, Transaction Management
- Distributed databases management system concepts and Implementation

UNIT I

Database System Applications, Purpose of Database Systems, View of Data – Data Abstraction, Instances and Schemas, Data Models – the ER Model, Relational Model, Other Models – Database Languages – DDL,DML, Database Access from Applications Programs, Transaction Management, Data Storage and Querying, Database Architecture, Database Users and Administrators, ER diagrams,. Relational Model: Introduction to the Relational Model – Integrity Constraints Over Relations, Enforcing Integrity constraints, Querying relational data, Logical data base Design, Introduction to Views –Altering Tables and Views, Relational Algebra, Basic SQL Queries, Nested Queries, Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL, Triggers

UNIT II

Introduction to Schema Refinement – Problems Caused by redundancy, Decompositions – Problem related to decomposition, Functional Dependencies - Reasoning about FDS, Normal Forms – FIRST, SECOND, THIRD Normal forms – BCNF –Properties of Decompositions- Loss less- join Decomposition, Dependency preserving Decomposition, Schema Refinement in Data base Design – Multi valued Dependencies – FOURTH Normal Form, Join Dependencies, FIFTH Normal form. **UNIT III**

Transaction Management: The ACID Properties, Transactions and Schedules, Concurrent Execution of Transactions – Lock Based Concurrency Control, Deadlocks – Performance of Locking – Transaction Support in SQL.

Concurrency Control: Serializability, and recoverability – Introduction to Lock Management – Lock Conversions, Dealing with Deadlocks, Specialized Locking Techniques – Concurrency Control without Locking.

Crash recovery: Introduction to Crash recovery, Introduction to ARIES, the Log, and Other Recovery related Structures, the Write-Ahead Log Protocol, Check pointing, recovering from a System Crash, Media recovery

UNIT IV

Overview of Storage and Indexing: Data on External Storage, File Organization and Indexing – Clustered Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures – Hash Based Indexing, Tree based Indexing

Storing data: Disks and Files: -The Memory Hierarchy – Redundant Arrays of Independent Disks. Tree Structured Indexing: Intuitions for tree Indexes, Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM) B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index Structure, Search, Insert, Delete.

Hash Based Indexing: Static Hashing, Extendable hashing, Linear Hashing, Extendable vs. Linear Hashing.

UNIT V

Distributed databases: Introduction to distributed databases, Distributed DBMS architectures, Storing data in a distributed DBMS, Distributed catalog management, Distributed query processing Updating distributed data, Distributed transactions, Distributed concurrency control, Distributed recovery

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Data base Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, TMH, 3rd Edition, 2003.
- Data base System Concepts, A.Silberschatz, H.F. Korth, S.Sudarshan, McGraw hill, VI edition, 2006.
- 3. Fundamentals of Database Systems 5th edition. Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B.Navathe, Pearson Education, 2008.

- 1. Introduction to Database Systems, C.J.Date, Pearson Education.
- 2. Database Management System Oracle SQL and PL/SQL, P.K.Das Gupta, PHI.
- 3. Database System Concepts, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel, Cengage Learning, 2008.
- 4. Database Systems, A Practical approach to Design Implementation and Management Fourth edition, Thomas Connolly, Carolyn Begg, Pearson education.
- 5. Database-Principles, Programming, and Performance, P.O'Neil & E.O'Neil, 2nd ed., ELSEVIER
- 6. Fundamentals of Relational Database Management Systems, S.Sumathi, S.Esakkirajan, Springer.
- 7. Introduction to Database Management, M.L.Gillenson and others, Wiley Student Edition.
- 8. Database Development and Management, Lee Chao, Auerbach publications, Taylor & Francis Group.
- 9. Distributed Databases Principles & Systems, Stefano Ceri, Giuseppe Pelagatti, TMH.
- 10. Principles of Distributed Database Systems, M. Tamer Ozsu, Patrick Valduriez, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition.
- 11. Distributed Database Systems, Chhanda Ray, Pearson.
- 12. Distributed Database Management Systems, S.K.Rahimi and F.S.Haug, Wiley.

WEB SERVICES AND SERVICE ORIENTED ARCHITECTURE

Objectives:

- To Understand Web Services and implementation model for SOA
- To Understand the SOA, its Principles and Benefits
- To Understand XML concepts
- To Understand paradigms needed for testing Web Services
- To explore different Test Strategies for SOA-based applications
- To implement functional testing, compliance testing and load testing of Web Services
- To Identify bug-finding ideas in testing Web Services

UNIT- I

Evolution and Emergence of Web Services – Evolution of distributed computing. Core distributed computing technologies – client/server, CORBA, JAVA RMI, Micro Soft DCOM, MOM, Challenges in Distributed Computing, role of J2EE and XML in distributed computing, emergence of Web Services and Service Oriented Architecture (SOA). Introduction to Web Services – The definition of web services, basic operational model of web services, tools and technologies enabling web services, benefits and challenges of using web services.

UNIT -II

Web Service Architecture – Web services Architecture and its characteristics, core building blocks of web services, standards and technologies available for implementing web services, web services communication, basic steps of implementing web services. Describing Web Services – WSDL introduction, non functional service description, WSDL1.1 Vs WSDL 2.0, WSDL document, WSDL elements, WSDL binding, WSDL tools, WSDL port type, limitations of WSDL.

UNIT III

Brief Over View of XML – XML Document structure, XML namespaces, Defining structure in XML documents, Reuse of XML schemes, Document navigation and transformation. SOAP : Simple Object Access Protocol, Inter-application communication and wire protocols, SOAP as a messaging protocol, Structure of a SOAP message, SOAP envelope, Encoding, Service Oriented Architectures, SOA revisited, Service roles in a SOA, Reliable messaging, The enterprise Service Bus, SOA Development Lifecycle, SOAP HTTP binding, SOAP communication model, Error handling in SOAP.

UNIT – IV

Registering and Discovering Services : The role of service registries, Service discovery, Universal Description, Discovery, and Integration, UDDI Architecture, UDDI Data Model, Interfaces, UDDI Implementation, UDDI with WSDL, UDDI specification, Service Addressing and Notification, Referencing and addressing Web Services, Web Services Notification.

UNIT - V

SOA and web services security considerations, Network-level security mechanisms, Application-level security topologies, XML security standards, Semantics and Web Services, The semantic interoperability problem, The role of metadata, Service metadata, Overview of .NET and J2EE, SOA and Web Service Management, Managing Distributed System, Enterprise management Framework, Standard distributed management frameworks, Web service management, Richer schema languages, WS-Metadata Exchange.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Web Services & SOA Principles and Technology, Second Edition, Michael P. Papazoglou.
- 2. Developing Java Web Services, R. Nagappan, R. Skoczylas, R.P. Sriganesh, Wiley India.
- 3. Developing Enterprise Web Services, S. Chatterjee, J. Webber, Pearson Education.

- 1. XML, Web Services, and the Data Revolution, F.P.Coyle, Pearson Education.
- 2. Building web Services with Java, 2nd Edition, S. Graham and others, Pearson Education.
- 3. Java Web Services, D.A. Chappell & T. Jewell, O'Reilly, SPD.
- 4. McGovern, et al., "Java web Services Architecture", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2005.
- 5. J2EE Wer Services, Richard Monson-Haefel, Pearson Education.

WIRELESS NETWORKS AND MOBILE COMPUTING

Objectives:

The main objective of this course is to provide the students with the competences required for understanding and using the communications component of an universal communications environment. Students will be provided, in particular, with the knowledge required to understand

- emerging communications networks,
- their computational demands,
- the classes of distributed services and applications enabled by these networks, and
- the computational means required to create the new networks and the new applications.

UNIT I

WIRELESS NETWORKS: Wireless Network, Wireless Network Architecture, Wireless Switching Technology, Wireless Communication problem, Wireless Network Reference Model, Wireless Networking Issues & Standards. **MOBILE COMPUTING:** Mobile communication, Mobile computing, Mobile Computing Architecture, Mobile Devices, Mobile System Networks, Mobility Management

UNIT II

WIRELESS LAN: Infra red Vs radio transmission, Infrastructure and Ad-hoc Network, IEEE 802.11: System Architecture, Protocol Architecture, 802.11b, 802.11a, Newer Developments, HIPERLAN 1, HIPERLAN 2, Bluetooth : User Scenarios, Architecture.

UNIT III

GLOBAL SYSTEM FOR MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS (GSM): Mobile Services, System Architecture, Protocols, Localization & Calling, Handover, Security. **GPRS:** GPRS System Architecture, **UMTS**: UMTS System Architecture. **LTE**: Long Term Evolution

UNIT IV

MOBILE NETWORK LAYER: Mobile IP: Goals, Assumptions, Entities and Terminology, IP Packet Delivery, Agent Discovery, Registration, Tunneling and Encapsulation, Optimizations, Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)

UNIT V

MOBILE TRANSPORT LAYER: Traditional TCP, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Fast retransmit/fast recovery, Transmission /time-out freezing, Selective retransmission, Transaction oriented TCP, TCP over 2.5G/3G Wireless Networks.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2008.
- 2. Dr. Sunilkumar, et al "Wireless and Mobile Networks: Concepts and Protocols", Wiley India.
- 3. Raj Kamal, "Mobile Computing", OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS.

- 1. Asoke K Talukder, et al, "Mobile Computing", Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 2. Matthew S.Gast, "802.11 Wireless Networks", SPD O'REILLY.
- 3. Ivan Stojmenovic, "Handbook of Wireless Networks and Mobile Computing", Wiley, 2007.
- 4. Kumkum Garg, "Mobile Computing", Pearson.
- 5. Handbook of Security of Networks, Yang Xiao, Frank H Li, Hui Chen, World Scientific, 2011.

ADVANCED DATA MINING (ELECTIVE –III)

Objectives:

- To develop the abilities of critical analysis to data mining systems and applications.
- To implement practical and theoretical understanding of the technologies for data mining
- To understand the strengths and limitations of various data mining models;

UNIT-I

Data mining Overview and Advanced Pattern Mining: Data mining tasks – mining frequent patterns, associations and correlations, classification and regression for predictive analysis, cluster analysis, outlier analysis; advanced pattern mining in multilevel, multidimensional space – mining multilevel associations, mining multidimensional associations, mining quantitative association rules, mining rare patterns and negative patterns.

UNIT-II

Advance Classification: Classification by back propagation, support vector machines, classification using frequent patterns, other classification methods – genetic algorithms, roughest approach, fuzz>set approach;

UNIT-III

Advance Clustering : Density - based methods –DBSCAN, OPTICS, DENCLUE; Grid-Based methods – STING, CLIQUE; Exception – maximization algorithm; clustering High- Dimensional Data; Clustering Graph and Network Data.

UNIT-IV

Web and Text Mining: Introduction, web mining, web content mining, web structure mining, we usage mining, Text mining – unstructured text, episode rule discovery for texts, hierarchy of categories, text clustering.

UNIT-V

Temporal and Spatial Data Mining : Introduction; Temporal Data Mining – Temporal Association Rules, Sequence Mining, GSP algorithm, SPADE, SPIRIT Episode Discovery, Time Series Analysis, Spatial Mining – Spatial Mining Tasks, Spatial Clustering. Data Mining Applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, Jiawei Hang Micheline Kamber, Jian pei, Morgan Kaufmannn.
- 2. Data Mining Techniques Arun K pujari, Universities Press.

- 1. Introduction to Data Mining Pang-Ning Tan, Vipin kumar, Michael Steinbach, Pearson.
- 2. Data Mining Principles & Applications T.V Sveresh Kumar, B.Esware Reddy, Jagadish S Kalimani, Elsevier.

STORAGE AREA NETWORKS (ELECTIVE-III)

Objectives:

- To understand Storage Area Networks characteristics and components.
- To become familiar with the SAN vendors and their products
- To learn Fibre Channel protocols and how SAN components use them to communicate with each other
- To become familiar with Cisco MDS 9000 Multilayer Directors and Fabric Switches Thoroughly learn Cisco SAN-OS features.
- To understand the use of all SAN-OS commands. Practice variations of SANOS features

UNIT I: Introduction to Storage Technology

Review data creation and the amount of data being created and understand the value of data to a business, challenges in data storage and data management, Solutions available for data storage, Core elements of a data center infrastructure, role of each element in supporting business activities

UNIT II: Storage Systems Architecture

Hardware and software components of the host environment, Key protocols and concepts used by each component ,Physical and logical components of a connectivity environment ,Major physical components of a disk drive and their function, logical constructs of a physical disk, access characteristics, and performance Implications, Concept of RAID and its components , Different RAID levels and their suitability for different application environments: RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 3, RAID 4, RAID 5, RAID 0+1, RAID 1+0, RAID 6, Compare and contrast integrated and modular storage systems ,High-level architecture and working of an intelligent storage system

UNIT III: Introduction to Networked Storage

Evolution of networked storage, Architecture, components, and topologies of FC-SAN, NAS, and IP-SAN, Benefits of the different networked storage options, understand the need for long-term archiving solutions and describe how CAS fulfills the need, understand the appropriateness of the different networked storage options for different application environments

UNIT IV: Information Availability & Monitoring & Managing Datacenter

List reasons for planned/unplanned outages and the impact of downtime, Impact of downtime, Differentiate between business continuity (BC) and disaster recovery (DR) ,RTO and RPO, Identify single points of failure in a storage infrastructure and list solutions to mitigate these failures , Architecture of backup/recovery and the different backup/recovery topologies , replication technologies and their role in ensuring information availability and business continuity, Remote replication technologies and their role in providing disaster recovery and business continuity capabilities

Identify key areas to monitor in a data center, Industry standards for data center monitoring and management, Key metrics to monitor for different components in a storage infrastructure, Key management tasks in a data center

UNIT V: Securing Storage and Storage Virtualization

Information security, Critical security attributes for information systems, Storage security domains, List and analyzes the common threats in each domain, Virtualization technologies, block-level and file-level virtualization technologies and processes

Case Studies

The technologies described in the course are reinforced with EMC examples of actual solutions. Realistic case studies enable the participant to design the most appropriate solution for given sets of criteria.

TEXT BOOK:

EMC Corporation, Information Storage and Management, Wiley. **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Robert Spalding, "Storage Networks: The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw Hill, Osborne, 2003.

M. TECH. COMPUTER SCIENCE-R13 Regulations

- Marc Farley, "Building Storage Networks", Tata McGraw Hill ,Osborne, 2001.
 Meeta Gupta, Storage Area Network Fundamentals, Pearson Education Limited, 2002.

DATABASE SECURITY (ELECTIVE-III)

Objectives:

- To learn the security of databases
- To learn the design techniques of database security
- To learn the secure software design •

UNIT I

Introduction

Introduction to Databases Security Problems in Databases Security Controls Conclusions Security Models -1

Introduction Access Matrix Model Take-Grant Model Acten Model PN Model Hartson and Hsiao's Model Fernandez's Model Bussolati and Martella's Model for Distributed databases

UNIT II

Security Models -2

Bell and LaPadula's Model Biba's Model Dion's Model Sea View Model Jajodia and Sandhu's Model The Lattice Model for the Flow Control conclusion.

Security Mechanisms

Introduction User Identification/Authentication Memory Protection Resource Protection Control Flow Mechanisms Isolation Security Functionalities in Some Operating Systems Trusted Computer System **Evaluation Criteria**

UNIT III

Security Software Design

Introduction A Methodological Approach to Security Software Design Secure Operating System Security Secure DBMS Design Packages Database Security Desian Desian

UNIT IV

Statistical Database Protection & Intrusion Detection Systems

Introduction Statistics Concepts and Definitions Types of Attacks Inference Controls evaluation Criteria for Control Comparison Introduction IDES System RETISS System ASES System Discovery

UNIT V

Models For The Protection Of New Generation Database Systems -1

Introduction A Model for the Protection of Frame Based Systems A Model for the Protection of Object-Oriented Systems SORION Model for the Protection of Object-Oriented Databases

Models For The Protection Of New Generation Database Systems -2

A Model for the Protection of New Generation Database Systems: the Orion Model Jajodia and Kogan's Model A Model for the Protection of Active Databases Conclusions TEXT BOOKS:

- Database Security and Auditing, Hassan A. Afyouni, India Edition, CENGAGE Learning, 1. 2009.
- 2. Database Security, Castano, Second edition, Pearson Education.

REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Database security by alfred basta, melissa zgola, CENGAGE learning.

SEMANTIC WEB AND SOCIAL NETWORKS (ELECTIVE –IV)

Objectives:

- To learn Web Intelligence
- To learn Knowledge Representation for the Semantic Web
- To learn Ontology Engineering
- To learn Semantic Web Applications, Services and Technology
- To learn Social Network Analysis and semantic web

UNIT –I: Web Intelligence

Thinking and Intelligent Web Applications, The Information Age ,The World Wide Web, Limitations of Today's Web, The Next Generation Web, Machine Intelligence, Artificial Intelligence, Ontology, Inference engines, Software Agents, Berners-Lee www, Semantic Road Map, Logic on the semantic Web.

UNIT -II: Knowledge Representation for the Semantic Web

Ontologies and their role in the semantic web, Ontologies Languages for the Semantic Web – Resource Description Framework(RDF) / RDF Schema, Ontology Web Language(OWL), UML, XML/XML Schema.

UNIT-III: Ontology Engineering

Ontology Engineering, Constructing Ontology, Ontology Development Tools, Ontology Methods, Ontology Sharing and Merging, Ontology Libraries and Ontology Mapping, Logic, Rule and Inference Engines.

UNIT-IV: Semantic Web Applications, Services and Technology

Semantic Web applications and services, Semantic Search, e-learning, Semantic Bioinformatics, Knowledge Base ,XML Based Web Services, Creating an OWL-S Ontology for Web Services, Semantic Search Technology, Web Search Agents and Semantic Methods,

UNIT-V: Social Network Analysis and semantic web

What is social Networks analysis, development of the social networks analysis, Electronic Sources for Network Analysis – Electronic Discussion networks, Blogs and Online Communities, Web Based Networks. Building Semantic Web Applications with social network features.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Thinking on the Web Berners Lee, Godel and Turing, Wiley inter science, 2008.
- 2. Social Networks and the Semantic Web, Peter Mika, Springer, 2007.

- 1. Semantic Web Technologies, Trends and Research in Ontology Based Systems, J.Davies, R.Studer, P.Warren, John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Semantic Web and Semantic Web Services -Liyang Lu Chapman and Hall/CRC Publishers, (Taylor & Francis Group)
- 3. Information Sharing on the semantic Web Heiner Stuckenschmidt; Frank Van Harmelen, Springer Publications.
- 4. Programming the Semantic Web, T.Segaran, C.Evans, J.Taylor, O'Reilly, SPD.

CLOUD COMPUTING (ELECTIVE-IV)

Prerequisite: Computer Networks and Operating Systems **Course Description**:

Cloud computing has evolved as a very important computing model, which enables information, software, and shared resources to be provisioned over the network as services in an on-demand manner. This course provides an insight into what is cloud computing and the various services cloud is capable.

UNIT I

Systems Modeling, Clustering and Virtualization: Distributed System Models and Enabling Technologies, Computer Clusters for Scalable Parallel Computing, Virtual Machines and Virtualization of Clusters and Data centers.

UNIT II

Foundations: Introduction to Cloud Computing, Migrating into a Cloud, Enriching the 'Integration as a Service' Paradigm for the Cloud Era, The Enterprise Cloud Computing Paradigm.

UNIT III

Infrastructure as a Service (IAAS) & Platform and Software as a Service (PAAS / SAAS): Virtual machines provisioning and Migration services, On the Management of Virtual machines for Cloud Infrastructures, Enhancing Cloud Computing Environments using a cluster as a Service, Secure Distributed Data Storage in Cloud Computing.

Aneka, Comet Cloud, T-Systems, Workflow Engine for Clouds, Understanding Scientific Applications for Cloud Environments.

UNIT IV

Monitoring, Management and Applications: An Architecture for Federated Cloud Computing, SLA Management in Cloud Computing, Performance Prediction for HPC on Clouds, Best Practices in Architecting Cloud Applications in the AWS cloud, Building Content Delivery networks using Clouds, Resource Cloud Mashups.

UNIT V

Governance and Case Studies: Organizational Readiness and Change management in the Cloud age, Data Security in the Cloud, Legal Issues in Cloud computing, Achieving Production Readiness for Cloud Services.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Cloud Computing: Principles and Paradigms by Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg and Andrzej M. Goscinski, Wiley, 2011.
- 2. Distributed and Cloud Computing, Kai Hwang, Geoffery C.Fox, Jack J.Dongarra, Elsevier, 2012.

- 1. Cloud Computing : A Practical Approach, Anthony T.Velte, Toby J.Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, Tata McGraw Hill, rp2011.
- 2. Enterprise Cloud Computing, Gautam Shroff, Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- 3. Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management and Security, John W. Rittinghouse, James F.Ransome, CRC Press, rp2012.
- 4. Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, George Reese, O'Reilly, SPD, rp2011.
- 5. Cloud Security and Privacy: An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance, Tim Mather, Subra Kumaraswamy, Shahed Latif, O'Reilly, SPD, rp2011.

INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEMS (ELECTIVE –IV)

Objectives:

On completion of this course you should have gained a good understanding of the foundation concepts of information retrieval techniques and be able to apply these concepts into practice. Specifically, you should be able to:

- To use different information retrieval techniques in various application areas
- To apply IR principles to locate relevant information large collections of data
- To analyze performance of retrieval systems when dealing with unmanaged data sources
- To implement retrieval systems for web search tasks.

UNIT I

Boolean retrieval. The term vocabulary and postings lists. Dictionaries and tolerant retrieval. Index construction. Index compression.

UNIT II

Scoring, term weighting and the vector space model. Computing scores in a complete search system. Evaluation in information retrieval. Relevance feedback and query expansion.

UNIT III

XML retrieval. Probabilistic information retrieval. Language models for information retrieval. Text classification. Vector space classification.

UNIT IV

Support vector machines and machine learning on documents, Flat clustering, Hierarchical clustering, Matrix decompositions and latent semantic indexing.

UNIT V

Web search basics. Web crawling and indexes, Link analysis.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Introduction to Information Retrieval, Christopher D. Manning and Prabhakar Raghavan and Hinrich Schütze, Cambridge University Press, 2008.

- 1. Information Storage and Retrieval Systems: Theory and Implementation, Kowalski, Gerald, Mark T Maybury, Springer.
- 2. Modern Information Retrieval, Ricardo Baeza-Yates, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Information Retrieval: Algorithms and Heuristics, David A Grossman and Ophir Frieder, 2nd Edition, Springer, 2004.
- 4. Information Retrieval Data Structures and Algorithms, William B Frakes, Ricardo Baeza-Yates, Pearson Education, 1992.
- 5. Information Storage & Retieval, Robert Korfhage, John Wiley & Sons.

WEB SERVICES LAB

Objectives:

- To implement the technologies like WSDL, UDDI.
- To learn how to implement and deploy web service client and server

List of Programs:

- 1. Write a program to implement WSDL Service (Hello Service . WSDL File)
- 2. Write a program the service provider can be implement a single get price(), static bind() and get product operation.
- 3. Write a program to implement the operation can receive request and will return a response in two ways.
 - a) One-Way operation
 - b) Request Response
- 4. Write a program to implement to create a simple web service that converts the temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius (using HTTP Post Protocol)
- 5. Write a program to implement business UDDI Registry entry
- 6. Write a program to implement
 - a) Web based service consumer
 - b) Windows application based web service consumer